



UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE, BENGALURU
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AMFU OF IMD, BENGALURU



AGROMET-ADVISORY BULLETIN

Date: **06.12.2022**

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

Significant past weather for the preceding week

Parameter	02.12.2022	03.12.2022	04.12.2022	05.12.2022	06.12.2022
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	0	0	0
Max. temp (°C)	24.6	27.2	27.2	27.2	27.6
Min.Temp (°C)	18.0	19.0	18.6	18.4	18.2
Sky condition (Octas)	4	6	3	3	6
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	93	91	94	92	94
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	56	55	54	55	--
Wind Speed (Kmph)	3.6	5.4	6.2	6.7	4.5
Wind Direction	90	45	45	90	90

Weather forecast (Valid from 07-12-2022 to 11-12-2022)

Forecast summary:

Parameters	07.12.2022	08.12.2022	09.12.2022	10.12.2022	11.12.2022
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	4	12	11
Max Temp Trend (°C)	28	25	24	26	27
Min Temp Trend (°C)	18	18	18	19	19
Total cloud cover (octa)	4	4	5	5	5
Relative humidity (%)Max	86	86	88	88	90
Relative humidity (%)Min	65	65	67	67	69
Wind speed(Km/hr)	6	7	8	8	9
Wind Direction (Degrees)	63	20	28	117	112

Light rain forecasted by IMD, Bangalore during next 5 days. The Maximum temperature ranges from 24.0-28.0°C and Minimum of 18.0-19.0°C. Relative humidity 86-90 % during morning hrs and 65-69 % during noon is expected. Wind speed is 6-9 km/hr.

Weather Based Agro Advisories

Crop information and Crop Stages of the major Kharif/Rabi crops

District	Kharif crops			Horticulture crops		
	Groundnut	Redgram	Finger millet	Maize	Grape	Mango
Bangalore Urban (BU)	--	PF,GF, M	M,H	--	-	--

G: Germination, S: Sowing, EV: Early vegetative, VG: Vegetative growth, TR: Tranplanting, PI: Peg initiation, FLI: Flag leaf initiation, F: Flowering, PF: Pod formation, PM: Pod Maturity, T: Tilling, Ts: Taselling, E: Ear head emergence, GF: Grain filling, H: Harvesting
IBI: Inflorescence Bud initiation, PP(V): Pod Picking Vegetable, F& FS: Flowering to fruit setting, FD: Fruit Development, H: Harvesting, M: Maturation, B: Branching

Agromet Advisory:

Crop/Component	Stage/Condition	Pest and Disease	Agro advisories
General			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Jyestha rainstar starts from December 3rd to December 15th. The normal rainfall of Jyestha rainstar is 7.7 mm.

		<p>The following crops are suggested for sowing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Field bean-HA-3 and 4 and sunflower-KBSH-1,41,42, 44 & 53, cowpea (KBC-1, TVX-944 and PKB-4 for vegetable purpose). Horse gram- PHG-9, KBH-1 • The grains of the harvested crops should be properly dried by retaining moisture percentage of Cereals 11-12 %, Pulses-9%, Oilseeds-8% and Vegetable seeds 5-6% for long storage & also minimize the store pest damage. • To protect the pulse grains from storage pests apply oils of Castor/ linseed/honge/ neem oil @ 3-5 ml per kg of grains.
Finger millet	Harvesting	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Crop can be harvested by picking earheads 2. Advised for harvested crops cleaning, drying and storage in dry gunny bag. 3. Mechanical harvesting is possible in non lodged crops. 4. Dry the harvested produce properly.
Maize	Harvesting	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Matured cobs can be harvested by hand picking 2. Dry the harvested produce properly.
Groundnut	Harvesting	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Crop can be harvested by uprooting plants and pods can be separated 2. Dry the harvested produce properly.
Horticulture crop		
Mango	Flower bud initiation and Flowering	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clear the weeds in Mango orchard/Guava/Sapota put it under the basin as mulch. 2. If Phanerogamic plants are growing on the mango tree to cut/prune out completely and apply Bordeaux paste or Copper oxy chloride that portion. 3. Remove the weeds such as lantana which are growing under the mango tree. 4. Leaf hopper and Powdery mildew disease incidence is more before flowering and immediately after fruit formation to manage spraying of Carbaryl, 50WP @4g/litre of water or Imidachlorprid @ 0.3ml/ litre of water for management of leaf hopper. 5. Spray Lamda Cyhalothrin 5EC @ 0.5 ml/ litre of water or sulphur dust (SULTAF) 80 W @3g/litre of water against the Powdery mildew diseases. 6. If the incidence of Leaf hopper is severe spray Azadirachtin (10,000 ppm) @ 7.0 ml/ litre of water.
Animal Husbandry		
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To protect animals from a sudden drop in temperature, keep the animals in a covered shed/area during the night. The bedding/hay in the animal sheds must be kept dry and changed/aired every day. 2. Due care should be taken to store/procure fodder for periods of shortage that may occur during the winter months in certain areas. Perennial grasses must be cut at this time.
Sericulture		
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. White muscardine: caused by <i>Beauveria bassiana</i> , 2. Manage the humidity in the rearing house by providing good cross-ventilation. Dust dry slaked lime powder when silkworms settle for moult. 3. Feed silkworms with adequate quantity of mulberry leaves to avoid the accumulation of left over leaves in the rearing bed. Make sure that the silkworm bed is dry and

	<p>thin.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. If the silkworm rearing house temperature falls below 22°C, raise it using room heater / charcoal stove. 5. Collect muscardine affected larvae from the rearing bed before mummification, dust antimuscardine bed disinfectant and finally burn them. Do not throw them on the street or feed to animals / birds. 6. Dust Vijetha and Vijetha Supplement or Ankush bed disinfectant as per recommended schedule or dust any recommended anti-muscardine bed disinfectant as per the schedule.
Poultry	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The poultry house should be located in such a way that long axis is in east-west direction. This will prevent the direct sunshine over the birds. 2. Beginning at one day of age, the chick should be housed at a temperature 35° C will maintain one week, at a relative humidity between 40 – 60% after wards 2 to 4 weeks temperature decreases every week by 2° C. 3. Provide artificial brooding to chicks to maintain adequate temperature. 4. Care should be taken to prevent the chicks from being exposed to wind chill. 5. Sides should be covered with curtains during cool hours of the day. 6. Wet litter material should be removed regularly 7. Ensure proper cross ventilation to avoid ammonia accumulation

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Bengaluru**

Important Note: Farmers are informed to use the APPs & Videos related to Weather information: MEGHDOOT, MAUSAM AND DAMINI APPS. This information is available in the website: mausam.imd.gov.in